

# THE ANTIOCH NEWS.

VOL. XXVI.

ANTIOCH, ILL. THURSDAY, MARCH 13, 1913

NO

## HUNT MILK TRUST IN 3 STATES

Producers in Indiana, Illinois and Wisconsin are Under U. S. Scrutiny.

### FACTS SENT TO CAPITAL

Borden Company Accused of Being the Concern That Fixes the Prices for Retailers

The government is investigating the Milk Producers' association and retail dealers in Chicago on complaints that a conspiracy exists to fix prices in violation of the Sherman law.

A report on the investigation of the retail milk dealers has been sent to Washington. Federal officials declare that action in the matter probably will be deferred until the present investigation of the operations of dairymen is completed.

The object of the department, to determine whether retailers are operating in the matter of prices in conjunction with dairymen or whether both are conspiring independently to raise the price of milk.

Dairymen declared that Borden's Condensed Milk company is the concern among the retailers that actually regulates price for producers. Whatever price the Borden company sets each spring and fall is followed by the other retail concerns.

This information also is embodied in the report on the operations of the retailers sent to Washington.

What the government wants to know is whether the retailers are behind the present move of the dairymen to raise

## MISS WELCH'S BEQUESTS

Lake Bluff Orphanage, Gurnee church, and Volunteers Remembered.

Miss Hanna Welch, who died a few weeks ago at the home of her cousin, James Welch, on North County street, Waukegan, left an estate of about \$10,000 and the will, which was filed in court for probate, provides many bequests, among them being a substantial one to the Waukegan Volunteers of America, the McAllister hospital, the Gurnee church, Lake Bluff orphanage and several individuals.

The executor of the will is James Welch and the witnesses of the document, drawn September 5, 1911, were Mr. and Mrs. John Whalen, neighbors and close friends.

Provisions of the will include: That her funeral expenses be paid; that a \$50 marker be erected over her grave in Antioch where she is buried;

brother John, Libertyville, \$2,000; sister Mary Porter, Poulney, Vt., \$2,000; Annie Welch, wife of James Welch, County street, with whom she lived, \$700; Ellen, daughter of James Welch, \$300; Porter Clugh, Poulney, Vt., \$200; Carmenta Clugh, Poulney, Vt., \$200; niece, Lulu Clugh, Poulney, Vt., \$500; cousin, James Welch, Waukegan, \$300. Mrs. James Welch, all wearing apparel and "my personal effects at my rooming place on North county street."

John Welch, as trustee of these sums for the needs of the various institutions mentioned: Lake Bluff Orphanage, \$1,000; McAllister hospital, \$200; Christian church at Gurnee, \$300.

All the rest of the estate to go to John Welch, as trustee for the benefit and use of the Waukegan branch of the Volunteers of America.

## URNS WICK TOO HIGH

William Curry of North Chicago is Victim of Unusual Tragedy

William Curry forty years of age was found dead in his room at the boarding house of Peter Fontaine on Twenty-second street, North Chicago, at an early hour Monday morning.

When Mr. Fontaine went to his room to call him for breakfast he received no response and pushing open the door was started to see the lifeless form of Curry on the floor.

Curry was hastily summoned but had been dead some time, his suiting form the effects of the fumes of kerosene oil stove. A light from the stove had covered the body of the dead man being with the soot, the inhaling of which had been the cause of his death.

Curry had been drinking heavily on Sunday night, and when he came home at a late hour Sunday night, it is the supposition that he turned the wick up too high, which caused it to smoke. He was too badly intoxicated to undress and met his death where he fell on the floor.

He had been told to find another boarding place on account of his excessive drinking and had had some words with the landlady over the matter the day before.

He was unmarried and had been employed by the Chicago Hardware Foundry as a moulder for the past few weeks.

### HICKORY

Bertha Frazier visited Sunday at D. Pullen's.

Mrs. D. B. Webb spent Wednesday in Waukegan.

Chris Paulson and wife spent Sunday with home folks.

Leota Savage visited Saturday with her cousin Irene Savage.

Austin Savage and family spent Sunday with Antioch relatives.

David Pullen and son Elmer spent Wednesday in Waukegan.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. Bert Edwards on Tuesday, March 11, a son.

Mrs. O. L. Pullenbeck attended the funeral of her aunt in Waukegan Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Pedersen and family of Burlington moved on the Brooks farm east of Antioch.

The Cemetery society will meet on Thursday afternoon, March 20. Super being served at the church.

**Baldness and Intellect.**  
According to the statement of a professor in a German university the percentage of baldness among intellectual men is only two for musical men and sixteen for writers and others.

## COMPANIES MAKE CONCERNS

Wisconsin and Rock Companies Make Terms With G

### TO BE TARED AT

Five Dollars and a Half Fines Additional if no Reduction 50c Additional in D

Your committee is very sorry that we have come to a disagreement with the Sugar Company on price of a contract for growing beets.

Price five-fifty a ton flat, fifty cents additional if no reduction of the sugar, and fifty cents a ton for all beets loaded in December and taring to be done at stations. They have agreed to more sheds at the factory to in, in order to take them, they are loaded. Contract stamped approved by the association.

We recommend that the men tend the right hand of good to the Wisconsin Sugar Company let us work in harmony with them fair treatment, show heart in the right place and association will be beneficial to well as to ourselves, and that the Wisconsin Sugar Company ference and contract promptly have agreed in writing that association will help the Wisconsin Company to secure at least four and acres of beets at the least cost to the Company in consideration of the beets.

The Rock Sugar company has agreed to the same terms as the Wisconsin Sugar company.

Your committee hereby takes care to notify you we have also with the Rock County Sugar company as to price and terms of a contract which are as follows: Five dollars a half flat, fifty cents additional reduction of the tariff, and fifty cents additional for beets loaded in December. All beets to be weighed and tared at loading stations. Contracts are stamped approved by the association. We would recommend the growers wishing to grow beets to sign the contract.

Now as we have agreed with the Wisconsin Sugar and the Rock County Sugar company, we should work in harmony with them as much as possible and endeavor to give them the best treatment.

**JURY IN DAMAGE CASE DISAGREES**

**SECOND TIME**

After remaining out from 3:30 Thursday afternoon until 2 o'clock Friday morning, the jury in the case of Louis Dorf of Chicago vs. Andrew T. White of Grayslake, a suit for \$5,000 damages for alleged injuries sustained in front of the White auto in Chicago, the jury disagreed and the case thus will have to be tried over a third time.

The testimony as given at the second hearing which lasted two days, was contradictory in many respects to that given at the first trial, yet the jury could not after many hours, get together and they finally decided they must "disagree."

**CONGRESSMAN MADDEN TALKS ABOUT ROAD IMPROVEMENT**

As a first step toward getting good roads in Illinois, Congressman Martin B. Madden Saturday recommended the ousting of the 4,000 road commissioners in an address before the county teachers in the rooms of the county superintendent of schools at Waukegan.

"Their negligent and wasteful handling of the money appropriated for roads is positively shameful," said the congressman. "The money they spend is not nearly as wisely spent as it ought to be and where they are paid for their services, too, just so much more money goes to the bow-wow."

"The care of the roads already built and the building of more roads should be the work of one state board on road construction."

## CAPTURE WIRE THIEF

Betrayed by Junk Dealer Betrays Wire Thief to Chief Tyrrell of Waukegan

### TAKEN AT POINT OF GUN

Chief Sends Men to Watch Alleged Wire Thieves Cut Wire from Poles That Recent Storm Had Blown Down

Betrayed by Abe Diamond, junk dealer, William Wilkins, alleged to be the "king of the wire thieves" who have terrorized Illinois and southern Wisconsin by their daring deeds of theft and crime was arrested at 2 o'clock Tuesday morning.

At the point of a gun Thomas Tyrrell, assistant chief of police and Clarence Hicks, held up the alleged thief, put the handcuffs on him and brought him to Waukegan.

Late Monday afternoon, Abe Diamond, a well known junk dealer, informed Chief Tyrrell that a "fence" to market loot which was to be taken to Waukegan Monday night.

The alleged wire thief first attempted to hire a rig at the Courson Livery, but Courson was suspicious and he notified Tyrrell.

Tyrrell had planned to send Diamond into the country with the alleged thief but the junk dealer lost his nerve and refused to go without an escort. Thomas Moore, foreman at the Courson barn, volunteered to accompany Diamond.

Shortly before eleven o'clock, Diamond, Moore and the alleged thief, left Waukegan. They drove west on Grand Avenue to the Milwaukee road where they turned north. After driving north on Milwaukee road about five miles the alleged thief, ordered Moore to stop the horses. He complied with the order.

The alleged thief walked to one side of the road, and commenced cutting copper wire from telephone wires that fell during the recent blizzard. After he had rolled up about 250 pounds of wire, he ordered Moore to drive back to Waukegan.

When Moore reached the Douglas nursery on Grand Avenue, two men armed with revolvers jumped from behind a bush.

"One move and I'll blow the top of your heads off," shouted one of the men. "Helle, chief, I've been waiting for you," said Moore.

In a second Tyrrell and Hicks had the handcuffs on the alleged thief.

"What's wrong, what have I been arrested for," he inquired.

Fear for Diamond's safety is entertained by members of the police force. When Wilkins went to Waukegan Monday he was accompanied by two other men. That they were laying in ambush, awaiting the return of their leader from his trip of theft, is the belief of one officer of the force.

Wilkins has not been given a "saw-tooth" as yet. That he is the leader of the gang of wire thieves is the belief of Thomas Tyrrell. Tyrrell deserves much praise for the arrest and for the manner in which he conducted the raid.

**HIGH SCHOOL NOTES**

What will the girls give the boys to eat at the banquet Friday? Mr. Espey says that the surest way to their hearts is through their stomachs and Mary says she is going to learn to cook.

Monthly exams this week.

Harry and Hester have only a few days of grace left. Oh! that teacher's plan.

Don didn't like the looks of the detestable collar on his coat.

Lawley entered the eighth grade Monday.

Heater Beebe was absent last week on account of illness.

Louise Hillebrand has discontinued her school work.

The eighth grade engaged in an old fashioned spell down Tuesday.

A half holiday Friday.

## AWAITED COMING OF SON

Clinton Haugh of North Chicago Killed by Train at Rondout

All day Friday, Mrs. John Haugh, who lives at the corner of Twenty-second street and Dickey avenue, North Chicago, looked forward to a visit from her son, Clinton, who had promised to return home from Rondout where he was employed, to spend his 24th birthday with her. He did not come. Saturday morning she received word that he had been almost instantly killed by a fast passenger train a half mile east of Rondout. He was walking along the track when the train struck him and it is believed he had started to walk to North Chicago to keep his promise to his mother. The latter is heartbroken.

The young man had been working at Rondout for the last four years and did not return home often. The last time he was home he had promised that he would be home to celebrate his 24th birthday with his fond parent.

The accident took place at 5:15 o'clock Friday evening. Haugh apparently did not hear the approach of the train behind him. The engineer did all in his power to stop the train but the accident could not be averted. The crushed and almost severed body of the young man was thrown into the ditch. The train was brought to a stop as soon as possible and was backed to the scene of the accident.

Haugh was breathing faintly. He was lifted into the baggage car in order that he might be rushed to the nearest hospital with all possible speed.

Word was sent ahead to Deerfield and the body was removed from the train at that point and removed to an undertaking establishment. It was some undertime before his identity was established.

## PIPE ORGAN DEBT FUND

Good Progress is Being Made in Raising Funds for Church and Organ

We have most of the money needed for the parsonage debt and Pipe organ, but still we need several hundred dollars. We will succeed if you will help us.

We can not do it unless we get the help of almost everybody who lives in Antioch and have some means or earn any wages. We are not asking anybody to give more than they are able.

Practically everybody believes the church is a good institution, that we ought to have a preacher and services and a place where the last solemn services of our dead may be held with reverence and love, but there are a few who believing this still holds that somebody else ought to foot all the bills. Friends let us all do our share. I am not pleading for myself personally, but for the church which will be here to render service after I am gone and forgotten. Subscriptions payable by May 1st to 15th. "Think on these things" and let me know what you will do.

Adolph O. Stirkus, Pastor of M. E. church.

### LAKE VILLA

Mrs. E. Thayer is quite sick.

Mr. and Mrs. Ray were Chicago visitors Tuesday.

Mrs. James Kerr was a Grayslake caller Tuesday.

Mr. Daylitz spent a few days last week in Chicago.

G. A. Mitchell spent Sunday with his parents in Chicago.

Ray Kerr and Mr. Long visited at the Kerr home last week.

Fred Hamlin and wife entertained Chicago relatives over Sunday.

The son of Mr. Bennett at the Knickerbocker "ice house" is quite sick with scarlet fever.

Mrs. Thomas Gratz has been quite sick for the past month with a bad case of gastritis.

Geo. Hinge of Libertyville was in town a couple of days last week, demonstrating a vacuum cleaner.

Mrs. Gorman returned to her home at Hainesville Saturday after a stay with her daughter Mrs. Summers.

There will be a meeting of the stockholders of the Lake Villa Co-operative association at Hamlin's hall Saturday evening, March 15.

Bert Gonyo and Harry Miller returned Saturday from a trip to Michigan, where Mr. Gonyo expects to move his family soon to a fruit farm.

The Angola Cemetery society will hold its quarterly meeting with Miss Mary Kerr Tuesday, March 18. All members will please be present.

A teacher's meeting for the teachers of the surrounding schools will be held at the school house here Friday, March 14. An interesting program is being prepared.

Last Saturday night August Quedenfeld and family were given a pleasant surprise by a sleigh load of their Grayslake friends. The evening was spent in card playing and dancing until twelve o'clock when a bounteous luncheon was served, they visited and sang songs until the early hours of the morning, then they departed for their homes all reporting a good time. Mr. Yokum of Grayslake was the musician.

## NO-SMOKE ORDINANCE IS VALID

Voliva Won Out When Judge Whitney Upheld Zion Law and Fined Offender \$3

### CASE WILL BE CARRIED UP

Prosecuting Attorneys Have Worked Hard on the Case and Voliva is Jubilant Over the Victory

Circuit Judge Charles Whitney Tuesday afternoon upheld the validity of the ordinance in Zion City which prohibits smoking on the public highways, in public parks and in public places. By the decision, Overseer Voliva has won a big victory in his fight to have this much talked of ordinance sustained.

The ruling merely upholds the ordinance and the court at once assessed a fine of \$3 against Richard Behrens, the man whose smoking on the streets was carried from the justice court to the Circuit court. Attorney Beaubien for the man who sought to kill the ordinance, at once took steps to appeal the decision, which was in line with the judge's desire, as he plainly expressed when explaining his views on the case. He at once entered an order for an appeal, fixing the appeal bond at \$100. The appeal will be prepared at once and the Supreme court will pass on the validity of the ordinance.

While the anti-Voliva faction controls the city affairs, that faction had shown no desire to enforce this ordinance for many months until finally Voliva personally insisted on it being enforced and the arrest of Behrens followed with a likewise decision to test the case in Circuit court.

Voliva retained Attorney Charles Barnes of Woodstock to assist his personal attorney George Fields and Judge Barnes, city attorney of Zion. The Woodstock attorney has worked hard on the case and he presented authorities for insisting on the court holding the law valid. One of them was a decision of the Supreme court of Massachusetts in 1819. At that time there was a state law which forbade smoking or even carrying a lighted cigar in any place in the state. And the Supreme court upheld it.

In giving his ruling, Judge Whitney said:

"This question involves the validity of the ordinance and it is sufficient for me to say, perhaps, under the law, as I understand it, I should not decide that the ordinance is invalid unless it is perfectly clear to me that it is unreasonable and an exercise of excess power by the city. While I might not think that it is absolutely clear that the ordinance is invalid, at the same time, if there is a question of doubt in my mind whether it is or not, then, as I understand it, my duty is clear to hold the ordinance is valid and that is my finding. And I fine the defendant as guilty and the fine of \$3 is imposed."

## VILLAGE PRIMARIES ARE VERY TAME

**THIS SPRING**

At the Village primaries held last Tuesday not much excitement was in evidence. There seemed to be no special hankering for the various offices and taken as a whole it was a very tame affair from start to finish. No electioneering was in evidence and many citizens were unaware that a primary was being held. The total vote summed up as follows:

For President—

W. S. Rinear.....

N. Pullen.....

O. Webb.....

Scattering.....

For Trustee—

A. Edgar.....

H. Pitman.....

N. Pullen.....

G. Webb.....

G. Hockney.....

Scattering.....

For Treasurer—

J. E. Brook.....

Scattering.....









### Shamrocks

Dear little shamrocks, so lovingly sent  
Across the wide sea  
From Erin's shores,  
Land of my birth, where my childhood was spent.  
Gazing on them, my thoughts fondly stray  
To emerald dells,  
Where fairies weave spells  
From fall of the night till dawning of day.



A light-hearted youth through meadows I roam,  
When late sweet and clear  
The song of the blackbird warbling its love.  
Dear little shamrocks! You fall at my feet.  
I lift and replace,  
With gentle embrace,  
Breathing soft sighs or a dreaming soft smile.

## ST. PATRICK WON HEARTS BY LOVE

It is remarked by historians that Ireland—the virgin island on which Roman missionaries never set foot—was the only country in western Europe where the Gospel was planted without a previous conquest of arms. What followed, as a result of the great work of Saint Patrick in Ireland is one of the salient facts in the history of civilization.

St. Patrick, a Patrician, was a man of obtaining this variety that is seldom taken full advantage of. He takes the place of meat in the diet; that is it is essentially a nitrogenous food and as such supplements cereals and other vegetables. As regards the relative nutritive value of meat and fish the only considerable difference seems to be in the proportion of water and fat present, the flesh of the fish having water where meat has fat.

Prejudice is responsible for the exclusion of certain fish from the dining table. The abalone, a large mollusk plentiful on the California coast, may be cited as an example. The Chinese prize the abalone highly; they offered it as a delicacy in their restaurants, men tested thereof and soon women, who heretofore would not give the abalone kitchen work, were seeking it. It is upon the market at present not only fresh, but dried and canned. Frogs' legs also were regarded with horror as an article of diet until recently—now the citizens of Minnesota alone realize upwards of \$100,000 each year from the sale of frogs' legs. Indeed frogs' legs have helped take the mortgage off of more than one farm.

## Ireland's Flag

There has been much diversity of opinion and traditional quotation regarding the original color of the Irish flag. The first flag of Ireland was blazoned with the sunburst, and as the peoples of remote ages took their colors from the most striking colors of the earth, sea and sky, it is quite possible, as some assert, that the first Irish banner was blue—the color of the sky or the blue waters from which the sun seems to rise or sink.

It is more likely, however, to have been green, emblematic of the Green Isle, with sunburst added as the colors of the illustrious people who subdued the original tribes and raised the first flag on Erin's soil, showing their Asiatic origin and their emblem of worship, they being followers of Zoroaster, or fire worshippers.

But although the Celts became the rulers of the soil they had no characteristic banner, each tribe having its own emblem, until the arrival of the Milletian colony from the grand city of Milletus, in Asia Minor. Their flag was then accepted by the Celts, and it is generally conceded that all the different kings and princes that afterward reigned and warred with each other clung to the green flag down through the centuries of wars and tumult, leaving Erin's flag, if possible, greener than ever.

During the first year of the Christian era the Irish flag was ornamented with an ancient harp of gold. And as many of the people remained unconverted to Christianity, half of the sunburst was blazoned on the flag. The harp seems to have been heard for the first time in Ireland during the first year of the Christian era. It was introduced by the famous Timotheus, a celebrated musician and poet, a descendant of Timotheus of Milletus.

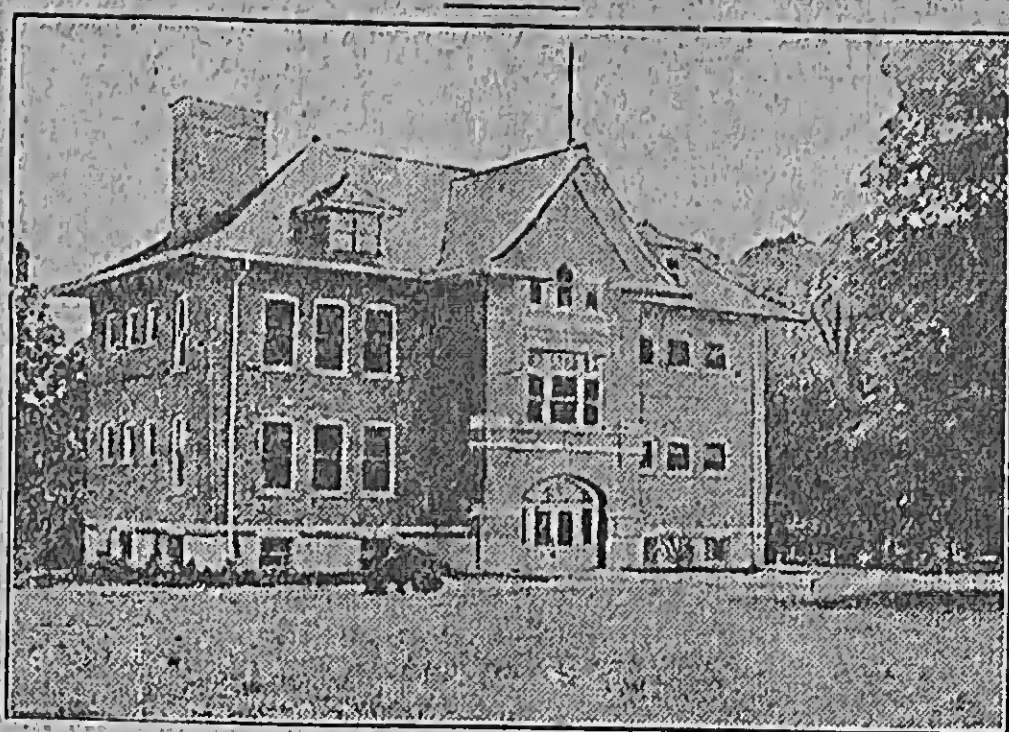
The people of Ireland were thrown into a state of such ecstasy by the sweet strains of the harp that they resolved to use it on the flag. And during the first Christian year, when the Psalms of David were being sung with great pomp, tradition points to the fact that the lost harp of King David went to Ireland.

The harp became the mace of all classes, while the God of David was generally accepted, and the Christians soon outnumbered the Fire Worshipers, who disappeared altogether after two centuries. And it is hard for the present time to believe that the people of the Emerald Isle were ever tribes of the Emerald Isle.

On Good Friday there was a great battle to be fought. It was the tenth century. Brian Boru was the sovereign of all Ireland. The Danes were gaining great power in Ireland. They had crowned their Clitric king of Dublin. The majority of the Irish people under the leadership of King Brian determined to drive the Danes from the soil.

One of the daughters of the king had designed and embroidered a banner, and under that precious gift King Brian were led to victory. The flag remained with the green ground black and white shamrock until January 1, 1800, when the union of Great Britain and Ireland was proclaimed. At 12 o'clock the royal standard of Great Britain and Ireland was hoisted on Dublin castle, a royal salute was fired from the battery in Phoenix park that announced to Ireland that her independence was over. Thus ended what is called Henry Grattan's parliament, the restoration of which has been a source of Irish agitation to the Union and the disturbed Great Britain in the condition of the British dominions for the last 110 years.

## CONSOLIDATION OF RURAL SCHOOLS ONE OF THE BIG NEEDS OF THE TIMES



John Swaney Consolidated School.

By HARRISON FAHRNKOPF.  
Class of 1913, University of Illinois.  
(This Paper Was Awarded First Prize  
in the Illinois Agricultural  
Contest.)

When one considers the question "Rural School Consolidation," about the first thought which is apt to present itself is: "Why discuss such a subject at all?" or "What reason is there for giving any time and thought to it?" Twenty years ago such an expression as consolidation of rural schools was scarcely heard of. Ten years ago it was still uncommon, and even today there is no small number of people right here in this great prairie state of Illinois who do not know why there is reason for or, perhaps better, real need of the consideration of a subject which deals with the modification of our present rural school system.

Questions like the above, however, are apt to come from individuals who either are ignorant of present conditions or who are opposed to any change which does not seem to be one that will yield a direct money return. Regardless of knowledge or ignorance of present conditions, there seems to be no question that the one room country school as the prevailing type will soon be a thing of the past.

The average one room school is not a few years behind the times. Although it has been of immense value to the country, it has failed to become efficient. It needs adjustment which must be intelligently done. Again, in those olden times when this one room school was so valuable it was attended by young men and young women. It seems to have been more of a social center than it is at present. Today, the upper age limit is about fifteen years. There are no "big boys and big girls" to quicken the life of the school.

Many of the people move to town to educate their children and the old school house is almost forsaken. The spirit is killed and there is much inactivity.

Today, much of the land is farmed by tenants. For this reason there is much moving about each year, and in the winters the school district will lose some pupils and gain others. This, coupled with the fact that a

large number of the teachers remain at the same school but a year or two, accounts in a large measure for the lack of interest in school affairs. The teachers may lack training and experience, but they are not always optimally paid, and from the labor standpoint are no doubt worthy their hire.

In sections of the country there is often no connection whatever between the schools except that the course of study may have some points in common. The kind of teacher employed and subject matter taught are largely determined by the likes and dislikes of the neighborhood. At first, this may seem all right, and in accordance with home rule, or self government, but it seems that a neighborhood should be trained toward certain ideals. In order to connect these schools more closely there must be more thorough organization, and the most effective system through which this may be brought about seems to be that in which consolidation is involved.

Consolidation may not always be carried out in the same manner. In some townships the sub-district schools may be abandoned and the pupils conveyed to village schools centrally located. This does not seem to be the best method, however, for if possible, the school should always be in the country. In other places special districts are created to include territory sufficiently extensive to require the transportation of pupils to school. Again the central buildings, grounds, wagons and all, belong to the township, while in others the wagons may belong to the contractors. Nevertheless, the principle is the same. There is nothing complex about it.

The chief difficulty is to do away with the old system. After this, erect a modern building and provide for the transportation of pupils who live too far away to walk. In fact, the whole problem involves the conveyance of children at public expense. For this some sort of legislation is necessary. Consolidation, embracing provisions for the public conveyance of the pupils is now a part of the rural system in 32 states.

## FACTS ABOUT FISH AS DIET ARTICLE

The human palate craves variety, often to the puzzlement if not the despair of the housewife. Fish offers a means of obtaining this variety that is seldom taken full advantage of. Fish takes the place of meat in the diet; that is it is essentially a nitrogenous food and as such supplements cereals and other vegetables. As regards the relative nutritive value of meat and fish the only considerable difference seems to be in the proportion of water and fat present, the flesh of the fish having water where meat has fat.

Prejudice is responsible for the exclusion of certain fish from the dining table. The abalone, a large mollusk plentiful on the California coast, may be cited as an example. The Chinese prize the abalone highly; they offered it as a delicacy in their restaurants, men tested thereof and soon women, who heretofore would not give the abalone kitchen work, were seeking it. It is upon the market at present not only fresh, but dried and canned. Frogs' legs also were regarded with horror as an article of diet until recently—now the citizens of Minnesota alone realize upwards of \$100,000 each year from the sale of frogs' legs. Indeed frogs' legs have helped take the mortgage off of more than one farm.

That fish may be eaten very freely without harmful results is shown by the condition of health of the laborers in Russian fisheries. During the fishing season they eat little else than fish with bread, millet, meal and tea. A German investigator pronounced fish equal to beef as a source of energy in the diet. It produces the same sensation of satiety and this persists for as long a time. It was found, too, that fish caused the excretion of a smaller amount of uric acid than meat.

The various kinds of shell fish resemble meat and food, fishes in general composition. They contain, however, an appreciable amount of carbohydrates in addition to their protein content. Speaking roughly, a quart of oysters contains on an average about the same quantity of actual nutritive substance as a quart of milk. Oysters

## CAT UPSET NEW REPUBLIC

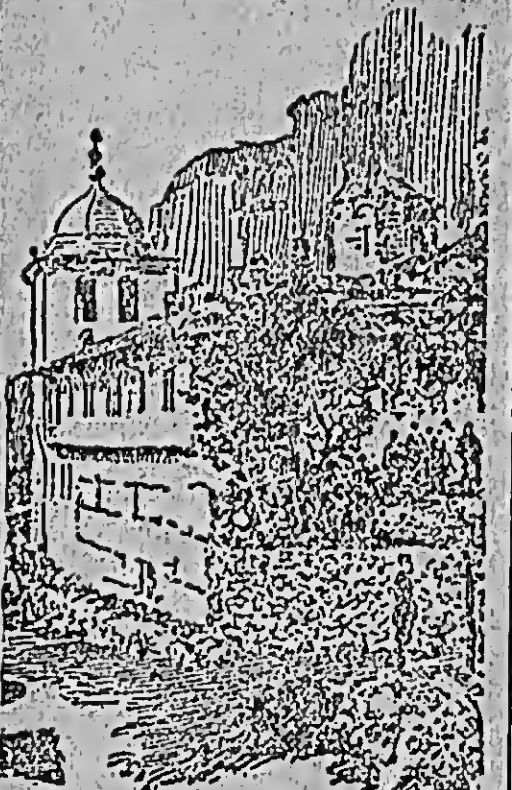
Tabby Scandalized Monks of Mount Athos, Forbidden to All Females, by Becoming Mother of a Family.

Salonica, European Turkey.—Europe's latest and smallest republic has grown out of the Balkan war. It is Mount Athos, the sacred peninsula near Salonica.

It contains nothing but 21 ancient monasteries founded by Russians, Greeks, Bulgarians and Servians in the twelfth and thirteenth centuries. All overhanging the cliffs of the Aegean sea and the monks go up and down from the shores in baskets worked on pulleys by their brethren.

So sacred is the peninsula that no female is allowed therein, not even a cow or hen. Neither milk, cheese nor eggs can be had.

Some time ago peasants employed by the monks to help till the land



An Ancient Monastery on Mount Athos.

smuggled in wives disguised in trousers, but the monks angrily expelled all they detected.

The abbot of the older Russian monastery kept a cat, which recently disgraced the island by having kittens. All the monks held a court to try her, declared she had broken the sacred rules and had her drowned. The abbot was reprimanded for taking in the cat before finding out whether it was eligible for admittance.

Some of the monasteries are very strict and never allow the inmates to wash even their hands or faces, or to go outside the gardens, which are said to be very beautiful. Others contain the oldest Greek manuscripts in the world, supposed to be able to fill gaps in the Epistles and other parts of the New Testament.

The idea of making Mount Athos a republic came from Russia, anxious to keep her influence in Macedonia, and if unwelcome to Bulgaria, tried of tutelage and used to consider the church as a political factor, now of less importance than before. But the other allies pressed Russia's proposal because they felt jealous of Bulgarian domination in that sacred territory. Delegates from all the allied states will meet in Salonica under the Russian consul and draw up the new republic's laws. The patriarch of the Bulgarians, who hitherto has lived in Constantinople, probably will live on the peninsula.

## GOTHAM SEEKS 'FLY SWATTER'

Fame of Teacher in Cleveland Normal School Brings Offer From the East.

New York.—Dr. Jean Dawson, a woman teacher in the Normal Training school of Cleveland, is recommended as an official fly swatter to the board of estimate.

The appointment is urged by Dr. William Henry Hale, superintendent of public baths in Brooklyn.

Dr. Hale says Dr. Dawson has rid Cleveland of flies, which now is known as "the flyless city." Bring her to New York, he urges, and she will work wonders here, too. His letter to the board reads:

"To get the best results work must begin before spring, so that the comparatively few mother flies who survive may be killed before laying eggs. Success can only be obtained by co-operation of several city departments with the health department."

"As Miss Dawson has demonstrated an efficiency for this great work, which is comparable with the elimination of yellow fever from the Panama canal zone, I suggest that she be hired by the city."

The board intends to let Comptroller Frensdorff wrestle with the suggestion.

## PREFERENCE FOR WIDOWS

North Dakota Farmer Accumulates a Family of Thirty-Seven Children Through Matrimonial Daring.

Grand Forks, N. D.—Father to thirty-seven children is the distinction possessed by H. T. Hertog, a rancher-farmer living near Palermo. Three times has Hertog married widows with large families. Mr. Hertog is seventy years of age, looks like a man of sixty, takes care of thirty-five head of cattle and eleven horses, grew 1,200 bushels of grain last year and hauled it to market himself.

## One Hero's Plight

New York.—Paul Allen, said to be the original for the hero of Elton Glyn's "Three Weeks" was arrested for stealing a gold watch from a cab driver's pocket.

## Don't Worry About It

After Thirty Years' Experience I Have Produced An Appliance for Men, Women or Children That Cures Rupture.

I send it On Trial. If you have tried most everything else, write to me. Where others fail to help, I have my greatest success. Send me your name and address today and I will send you free my illustrated book on Rupture and its cure, showing my Appliance and giving you prices and names of many people who have tried it and were cured. It is instant relief when all others fail. Remember I can save, no harm, no loss. I send on trial to prove what I say is true. You are the Judge and once having seen my illustrated book and read it you will be as enthusiastic as my hundreds of patients whose letters you can also read. It's well worth your time to send me your name whether you try my Appliance or not. A postal card will bring you some valuable information. Just address: E. Brooks, 121-A State St., Marshall, Mich.

Get a package of Kow Kure today, and use it to prevent and cure diseases of your cows. This reliable remedy is not a stock food, but a medicine for sick cows. It tones up the digestive and generative organs and helps nature make cows productive. A sure cure and preventive of Lost Appetite, Milk Fever, Bunches, Red Water, Scouring, Abortion, Barrenness, Retained Afterbirth. Sold in 50 cent and \$1.00 packages by druggists and feed dealers. Ask for copy of "The Cow Book."

**KOW-KURE** 50¢ and \$1.00 Sizes.

SHE CALLED HIM.



Tom—I don't know a thing I wouldn't do for you.  
Grace—Then you will have mother and father come and live with us.  
Tom—Good you reminded me, but I don't know of anything else I wouldn't do for you.

Charity Without Pauperism. A great defect of many charitable schemes is their tendency to pauperize the beneficiaries. This is overcome by one of the methods adopted by the Robert Browning settlement at Vearworth, which supplies boots to poor children. The footwear is handed over in return for the payment by the parents of a small weekly "rent" until the retail price has been covered. After the final payment the boots still remain the property of the settlement, without whose permission they can neither be sold nor pawned.—London Globe.

Boosting a Mine. "How's the sale of stock coming on?" inquired the first promoter. "Sold 9,000 shares this morning," said the second promoter. "That must mean a good deal of money." "Almost \$6. Come on, and I'll blow you to lurch."

Honesty. No man is so dishonest but what he considers his next door neighbor more so.—Milwaukee Sentinel.

STRENGTH Without Overloading The Stomach.

The business man, especially, needs food in the morning that will not overload the stomach, but give mental vigor for the day.

Much depends on the start a man gets each day, as to how he may expect to accomplish the work on hand. He can't be alert, with a heavy, fried-meat-and-potatoes breakfast requiring a lot of vital energy in digesting it.

A Calif. business man tried to find some food combination that would not overload the stomach in the morning, but that would produce energy.

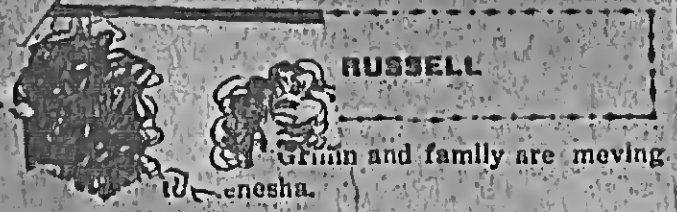
He writes: "For years I was unable to find a breakfast food that had nutrition enough to sustain a business man without overloading his stomach, causing indigestion and kindred ailments. Being a very busy and also a very nervous man, I decided to give up breakfast altogether. But luckily I was induced to try Grape-Nuts."

"Since that morning I have been a new man; can work without tiring, my head is clear and my nerves strong and quiet."

"I find four teaspoonfuls of Grape-Nuts with one of sugar and a small quantity of cold milk, is delicious as the cereal part of the morning meal, and invigorates me for the day's business." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich. Read the little book, "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs. "There's a Reason."

Ever read the above letter? A new and appetizing food to those who are genuine, true, and full of human interest. Ady.





**RUSSELL**

Griffin and family are moving to Kenosha.

Dr. Lewin is able to make a few business calls.

J. A. Reeves was a Chicago visitor Saturday.

Mrs. C. Edwards spent Sunday with Mrs. Crawford at Racine.

Mrs. Frank Farman of North Prairie was a Russell caller Saturday.

The Royal Neighbors met on Wednesday with a small attendance.

Miss Ester Carlson returned to her school duties after a month's sickness.

Mrs. Dora Smith and family are spending a few days with Mr. and Mrs. Dixon.

We are all glad to hear our New Harness and Shoe repair shop is doing so well and hope everyone will help his business along.

**SALEM**

A. Bless was a Kenosha visitor last Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. Bray entertained relatives Sunday.

Ira Smith of Chicago visited his parents over Sunday.

Mrs. H. Belmer entertained company last week.

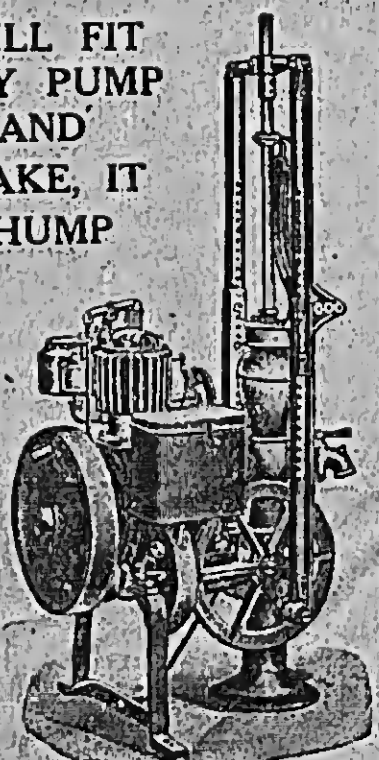
F. Smallfelt and wife entertained relatives Sunday.

W. Riggs of Kenosha moved onto the Minnis farm Monday.

Miss Ethel Smith went to Chicago Monday to have her eyes treated.

**Fuller & Johnson  
Farm Pumping  
Engine**

WILL FIT  
ANY PUMP  
AND  
MAKE IT  
HUMP



**TESTIMONIALS**

Has plenty of power shows wear

March 5, 1913

Williams Bros.  
Gentlemen:

The Fuller & Johnson farm pumping engine I purchased from you three years ago has given entire satisfaction in every way. I can recommend it to any one wishing a farm pumping engine.

J. E. SEXSMITH

Has Not Had one Minute Trouble

March 13, 1913

Williams Bros.  
Gentlemen:

Two years ago I bought from you a Fuller & Johnson farm pumping engine. It has given me entire satisfaction.

CHAS. W. CLINGMAN.

You may also see this mighty pumper working at the following named places.

CHAS. H. SMITH  
Channel Lake, Antioch  
WILLIAM BRYANT  
Bristol, Wisconsin  
ADAM DIBBLE  
Antioch, Illinois

Everybody who  
uses one is a  
satisfied customer.

That is why

**Williams Bros.  
SELL THEM**



**SPRING OPENING**  
Saturday, March 15 and all next week

You are cordially invited to call on one of the above dates to see and try on the beautiful new spring garments we are showing. If you are interested in knowing "what's what" in style this season you'll spend a half hour or more at this interesting exhibit of FASHION'S FINEST WEARING APPAREL.

You like to feel at home when you call at a store to look or buy. We want you to always feel that way here. In fact, we want you to meet your friends here, stop here to rest, in few words make this store your headquarters when in Waukegan.

**IT IS YOUR DUTY TO SEE THE NEW STYLES  
IT IS OUR PLEASURE TO SHOW THEM  
ALTERATIONS FREE**

Exclusive Styles in Coats and Suits

**\$10 - \$15 - \$20 - \$25**

**BEST IN FIT - GREATEST IN VALUE**

Elegant New Skirts and Shoes

**\$2 - \$3 - \$3.50 - \$4 - \$5**

You'll like the way they look and you'll like the way they wear

Fascinating Styles in Waists and Dresses

**\$1 - \$2 - \$3 - \$5 - \$8 - \$10**

Rarest in Beauty - Richest in Design  
New Petticoats and Muslin Wear

**50¢ - \$1 - \$1.50 - \$2 - \$3**

Not ordinary goods, but garments superior in quality and finish to others.

**You Can Now Buy By Mail From Hein**

**SEND FOR CATALOGUE**

**Important Information For Our  
Customers**

For the convenience of our customers who are not able to come into our store at any time, we wish to notify you, that if you will send us your order, you will get your purchase by next mail.



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From time  
vertise bargain  
found in our ca  
mail sending dra  
order to cover pur

**We Prepay Parcel Post Charges**

**EVERYTHING REASONABLE**

**SHOWING OF EXQUISITE MILLINERY**

Our most complete exhibit is now ready for your approval and the annual styles are now awaiting you at our store.

Your only problem now is the selection of the most becoming model, shape and color scheme for you and that will find ready solution in the great variety offered here for you to choose from.

Nowhere in Lake County can you obtain so much good style and quality at such reasonable prices as offer you here now.

**\$2 \$3 \$3.50 \$5 \$6 \$7.50 \$8 \$10**

**The Beauty Parlor**

While here have your hair washed and dressed. Your face massaged or your nails manicured.

**Competent and Pleasant  
Attendants**



**WAUKEGAN, ILLINOIS**

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